

Permabond®

Engineering Adhesives

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Permabond A136

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Permabond A136

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Adhesive. Sealant.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Permabond Engineering Adhesives Ltd.
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Colden Common
Winchester
Hampshire SO21 1WP
United Kingdom
Tel: +44 (0)1962 711 661
Fax: +44 (0)1962 711 662
info.europe@permabond.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone UK +44 (0)1962 711 661 USA 0800 640 7599 Asia +86 (0)21 5773 4913

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements P280 Wear protective gloves, eye and face protection.
P302+P352a IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Permabond A136

Contains METHACRYLIC ACID

Supplementary precautionary statements P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
 P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
 P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
 P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
 P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with existing Community, National and local regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

None under normal conditions.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

BIS(2-BUTOXYETHYL)PHTHALATE	10-30%
CAS number: 117-83-9 EC number: 204-213-1	
Classification Aquatic Chronic 4 - H413	
METHACRYLIC ACID	1-3%
CAS number: 79-41-4 EC number: 201-204-4 REACH registration number: 01-2119463884-26-XXXX	
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335	
CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE	<1%
CAS number: 80-15-9 EC number: 201-254-7 REACH registration number: 01-2119475796-19-XXXX	
Classification Org. Perox. E - H242 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Permabond A136

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If symptoms develop, obtain medical attention
Eye contact	Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation	May cause irritation.
Skin contact	Prolonged skin contact may cause redness and irritation.
Eye contact	Irritating and may cause redness and pain.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations. Treat symptomatically.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Water.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products	Burning produces irritating, toxic and obnoxious fumes. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unknown hydrocarbons.
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5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.
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6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.
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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Absorb spillage with sand or other inert absorbent. Transfer to suitable, labelled containers for disposal.
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6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13.
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Permabond A136

Usage precautions Use in a well ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Never return unused material to storage receptacle.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) This product is not recommended for use in joints which will be in contact with either pure oxygen or steam.

Usage description Adhesive. Sealant.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

METHACRYLIC ACID

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 20 ppm 72 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 40 ppm 143 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Normal (mechanical) room ventilation should be adequate for small volumes. For higher volume activities, or if needed for worker comfort, local mechanical exhaust should be provided.

Eye/face protection

The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles or face shield. Personal eye protection should conform to EN 166

Hand protection

It is recommended that chemical-resistant, impervious gloves are worn. Gloves should conform to EN 374. For exposure up to 4 hours, wear gloves made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: ≥ 0.4 mm The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 0.5 hours. For exposure up to 8 hours, wear gloves made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: ≥ 0.4 mm The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 8 hours. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected.

Other skin and body protection

Uniforms, coveralls, or a lab coat should be worn

Hygiene measures

Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use of good industrial hygiene practices is required.

Respiratory protection

Ensure adequate ventilation of the working area. Respiratory protection may be required if excessive airborne contamination occurs. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Organic vapour filter. Type A. (EN14387)

Permabond A136

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Red.
Odour	Acrylic
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	Not relevant.
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	Not applicable.
Flash point	>100°C
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available.
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	1.1
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water. Miscible with the following materials: Organic solvents.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	≈75000 mPa s @ 23°C Thixotropic
Oxidising properties	Not available.

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity The following materials may react with the product: Strong oxidising agents.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid the absence of air, and metal contamination.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Metals and their salts. Free radical initiators.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Thermal decomposition could produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds.

Permabond A136

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological effects The toxicological properties of this product have not been fully evaluated. Avoid direct contact with skin or eyes. Do not ingest or inhale.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard None under normal conditions.

Inhalation

In high concentrations, vapours may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Skin contact

Irritating to skin.

Eye contact

Irritating to eyes.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

BIS(2-BUTOXYETHYL)PHTHALATE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 2,000.1

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 2,000.1

METHACRYLIC ACID

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 1,320.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 1,000.0

Species Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) 7.1

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 11.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: Method: OECD 404, 3 minutes, Rabbit Corrosive.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Permabond A136

Serious eye damage/irritation	Method: OECD 405, Rabbit Corrosive.
<u>Respiratory sensitisation</u>	
Respiratory sensitisation	Guinea pig: Not sensitising. Method: various test systems
<u>Skin sensitisation</u>	
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u>	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	
Carcinogenicity	CMR: no
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Non-teratogenic, not embryotoxic
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u>	
Target organs	Respiratory tract Irritating.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u>	
Target organs	No specific target organs known.
<u>Aspiration hazard</u>	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE

<u>Acute toxicity - oral</u>	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	328.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	328.0
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u>	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,200.0
Species	Rat
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,200.0
<u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u>	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ dust/mist mg/l)	1.37
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	0.5

Permabond A136

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Highly irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Irritating to eyes.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Positive.

Genotoxicity - in vivo This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity CMR: No

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No specific test data are available.

Reproductive toxicity - development Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: ≥ 100 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure No specific test data are available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard No specific test data are available.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

METHACRYLIC ACID

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 85 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: > 130 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, 72 hours: 45 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum
LOEC, 72 hours: 45 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

Acute toxicity - microorganisms EC₅₀, 17 hours: 270 mg/l, Pseudomonas putida

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Permabond A136

Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage NOEC, 35 days: 10 mg/l, Danio rerio (Zebrafish)

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates NOEC, 21 days: 53 mg/l, Daphnia magna

CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hour: 3.9 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No data available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

METHACRYLIC ACID

Biodegradation Water - Degradation 86%: 28 days

CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE

Biodegradation The substance is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available. The product is insoluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing Community, National and local regulations Empty containers may contain product residue; follow SDS and label warnings even after they have been emptied.

Disposal methods Do not empty into drains, dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.

Waste class 08 04 09* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not classified as dangerous for carriage.

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Permabond A136

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78
and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. CHIP for everyone HSG228. Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131. Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date	14/11/2017
Revision	9
Supersedes date	12/07/2017

Permabond A136

Hazard statements in full

H242 Heating may cause a fire.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.